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1		STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE
2		PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION
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4		010 - 10:08 a.m.
5	Concord, New F	Hampshire NHPUC DECO2'10 AM 8
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7		DE 10-261 PUBLIC SERVICE COMPANY OF NEW HAMPSHIRE: AM 8:47 2010 Least Cost Integrated Resource Plan.
8		(Prehearing conference)
9		
10	PRESENT:	Commissioner Amy L. Ignatius, Presiding
11		Sandy Deno, Clerk
12	APPEARANCES:	Reptg. Public Service Co. of New Hampshire: Gerald M. Eaton, Esq.
13		Reptg. Conservation Law Foundation:
14		N. Jonathan Peress, Esq. Melissa Hoffer, Esq.
15		Reptg. TransCanada:
16		Douglas L. Patch, Esq. (Orr & Reno)
17	٠,	Reptg. Granite Ridge Energy:
18	<i>2</i> ~	Maureen D. Smith, Esq. (Orr & Reno) Office of Consumer Advocate
19		Reptg. N.H. Sierra Club:
20		Arthur B. Cunningham, Esq.
21		Reptg. New England Power Generators Assn.: Sandi Hennequin
22		
23	Court	Reporter: Steven E. Patnaude, LCR No. 52
24		



1		
2	APPEARANCES:	(Continued)
3		Reptg. Office of Energy & Planning: Eric Steltzer
4		Reptg. Residential Ratepayers:
5		Meredith Hatfield, Esq., Consumer Advocate Kenneth E. Traum, Asst. Consumer Advocate
6		Stephen Eckberg Office of Consumer Advocate
7		Reptg. PUC Staff:
8		Alexander Speidel, Esq. Edward N. Damon, Esq.
9		George McCluskey, Electric Division
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{DE 10-261} [Prehearing conference] {11-18-10}

1 PROCEEDING

CMSR. IGNATIUS: Let's open the hearing in DE 10-261. This is Public Service Company of New Hampshire's 2010 Least Cost Integrated Resource Plan. On September 30th, 2010, Public Service of New Hampshire filed its 2010 Least Cost Integrated Resource Plan pursuant to RSA 378:37 and Commission Order Number 24,945 and Order Number 25,061.

In the filing, PSNH addressed eight areas that are identified in RSA 378:38, as well as a continuing unit operation study for PSNH's Newington Station pursuant to Commission Order 25,061. All of these are spelled out in the Commission's November 3rd order of notice, and all are available on the Commission's website in their entirety.

So, with that, let's take appearances please.

MR. EATON: For Public Service Company of New Hampshire, my name is Gerald M. Eaton. And, Madam Commissioner, we filed with the Commission today a fax copy of the affidavit of publication. We have not received the original with the tear sheet, the actual publication, yet from the <u>Union Leader</u>. But we'll forward that to the Commission as soon as we get it.

{DE 10-261} [Prehearing conference] {11-18-10}

1	CMSR. IGNATIUS: Thank you.
2	MR. PERESS: Good morning, madam Chair.
3	Jonathan Peress, Conservation Law Foundation, and with me
4	in this docket is Melissa Hoffer from the Conservation Law
5	Foundation as well.
6	CMSR. IGNATIUS: Good morning.
7	MR. PATCH: Good morning, Commissioner.
8	Doug Patch, from the law firm of Orr & Reno, on behalf of
9	TransCanada.
10	And, if I could just briefly make a
11	statement. Mr. Rodier sent me an e-mail this morning,
12	asked me to convey to the Commission that he can't make it
13	to the prehearing conference, said "would you kindly
14	mention to the Commission that I have other commitments,
15	but do intend to participate in this proceeding, if
16	allowed."
17	CMSR. IGNATIUS: All right. Thank you.
18	And, he's submitted on behalf of Freedom and Halifax?
19	MR. PATCH: That's correct.
20	CMSR. IGNATIUS: All right.
21	MS. SMITH: Good morning, Commissioner.
22	Maureen Smith, of Orr & Reno, representing Granite Ridge
23	Energy.
24	CMSR. IGNATIUS: Good morning.

1	MS. SMITH: Good morning.
2	MR. CUNNINGHAM: Arthur B. Cunningham,
3	on behalf of the Sierra Club, New Hampshire Sierra Club.
4	And, I have the Chapter Director, Catherine Corkery with
5	me.
6	CMSR. IGNATIUS: Good morning.
7	MR. CUNNINGHAM: And Rachel Martin, who
8	is a Senior Field Organizer for the national Sierra Club.
9	CMSR. IGNATIUS: Thank you.
10	MR. STELTZER: Good morning,
11	Commissioner. My name is Eric Steltzer, representing the
12	Office of Energy & Planning.
13	CMSR. IGNATIUS: Good morning.
14	MS. HENNEQUIN: Good morning,
15	Commissioner. My name is Sandi Hennequin. And, I'm
16	representing the New England Power Generators Association.
17	CMSR. IGNATIUS: Good morning.
18	MS. HATFIELD: Good morning. Meredith
19	Hatfield, for the Office of Consumer Advocate, on behalf
20	of residential ratepayers. And, with me for the Office
21	are Ken Traum and Steve Eckberg.
22	CMSR. IGNATIUS: Good morning.
23	MR. SPEIDEL: Good morning. Alexander

1	have Edward Damon of the Legal Division and George
2	McCluskey of the Electric Division.
3	CMSR. IGNATIUS: Good morning. Is that
4	everyone?
5	(No verbal response)
6	CMSR. IGNATIUS: Thank you. We have
7	received numerous Petitions to Intervene, and I believe
8	everybody who submitted a Petition to Intervene is present
9	here, with the exception of Mr. Rodier, and we've heard
10	that he wasn't able to come, but let me just be certain
11	here.
12	We have no other interventions
13	submitted, unless there's anything new in the record?
14	Appears not. And, we've seen no opposition to any of the
15	Petitions to Intervene. Are there any? I guess, is there
16	any opposition on the part of PSNH to any of the
17	intervention requests?
18	MR. EATON: No.
19	CMSR. IGNATIUS: All right. That being
20	said, unless there is something else from anyone else to
21	each other's request to intervene, I'll take the matter
22	under advisement and consult with the other Commissioners
23	on the intervention requests.
24	I think, then, let's turn to statements

of positions on the filing and hear from not only PSNH, 1 Staff, and the OCA, but all of the potential intervenors 2 3 as well. Mr. Eaton. MR. EATON: Thank you, Madam 4 5 Commissioner. We have filed our Least Cost Integrated 6 Plan as required by statute and the Commission's orders. 7 Included with that is a Continued Unit Operation Study, which was suggested by Staff Witness Mullen in the context 8 9 of the Energy Service docket, and scheduled that to be 10 filed contemporaneously with this Least Cost Plan. 11 We expect to have a thorough review by the parties and the Staff, and respond to questions, and 12 13 work to resolve all the issues in this proceeding. Thank

you.

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CMSR. IGNATIUS: Thank you. Mr. Peress.

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MR. PERESS: Good morning, Madam Commissioner. The Conservation Law Foundation submits that we are at a critical juncture in New Hampshire with respect to electricity delivery, and particularly with respect to Public Service of New Hampshire's supply costs, its environmental implications, as well as the Commission's oversight. As I think many are aware, PSNH has the highest Energy Services rate in New Hampshire. And, in fact, they have the second highest in New England,

{DE 10-261} [Prehearing conference] {11-18-10}

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not including their sister company, CL&P, in Connecticut.

Indeed, their current Energy Services default rate is more than 20 percent higher than National Grid's rate in New Hampshire. The LCIRP discusses this issue generally, but it omits some very key considerations.

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PSNH is unique in its reliance on a fleet of old, inefficient, obsolete and expensive coal-fired generating units. The LCIRP, as written, would have the readers believe that this is a positive attribute for PSNH's energy supplies. But, notably, in the LCIRP, omitted are the heat rates and the efficiency of those units. The PSNH units that it relies upon to supply energy to its customers have comparatively high heat rates, and among the highest heat rates of any fleet in New Hampshire. This is a result specifically of their reliance on old, obsolete coal-fired units. And, the result of that in the market has been extensive migration, which is being looked at in Docket 10-160. Nearly all, at least two-thirds of PSNH's commercial and industrial customers have migrated to competitive suppliers, and there's no clear end in sight to that migration.

In their Energy Service rate filing for 2011, they demonstrate that their market rates are -- that their energy supply rates are increasingly above market

and only getting worse. And, PSNH's elegant solution to that problem is to alter the intricate regulatory and statutory scheme that this Commission and the Legislature has put together, by removing supply costs from the Energy Services rate and including those in a non-bypassable rate for all of their customers.

Why did they propose to do this?

Because I think, frankly, PSNH's Energy Service rate is in the midst of a death spiral. They've got a decreasing customer base. They have got increasing costs. That decreasing customer base is more and more required to cover the costs of those increased costs. As you know, those increased costs will entail during the planning period for this LCIRP over \$400 million amortized in emission control costs for the Scrubber Project at

Merrimack Station. The LCIRP neglects to mention the possibility that they might be required to install cooling towers at prices upwards of \$100 million. Those costs would also go into the energy supply default rate.

The LCIRP neglects to mention that the Utility Air Toxics Rule under the Clean Air Act is required to address more than mercury, and it will impose requirements, not only on Merrimack Station, but also on Schiller, and also on Newington. Because it's likely to

regulate both hydrogen chloride emissions and hydrogen fluoride emissions, as well as nickel emissions from those facilities, adding costs to the energy supply default rate.

They neglect to mention that EPA is in the midst of how coal ash ought to be treated from a regulatory standpoint. It neglects to mention that National Ambient Air Quality Standards have been tightened, and that several PSNH units are contributing to exceedances, that is violations of new National Ambient Air Quality Standards. It neglects to mention that, as part of the new National Ambient Air Quality Standard for ozone, PSNH will -- I'm sorry, EPA will be required to redo its Air Transport Rule, and it will likely require additional reductions for NOx emissions from PSNH's fleet.

It neglects to mention the boiler MACT, the boiler MACT, that is an Air Toxics Standard, for Schiller Unit 5, for which additional costs will be required.

It neglects to mention that

Massachusetts Department of Energy resources has recently

proposed, during the LCIRP planning period, to disallow

Renewable Energy Credits, that is the qualification of

Schiller Unit 5, the wood-fired unit, for Renewable Energy

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Credits, which will add additional costs to ratepayers.

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It neglected to mention the multitude of reports that have recently been released, suggesting that coal-fired units, such as those at Schiller and Merrimack, are not viable during the five year Least Cost Integrated Resource Plan period. It neglected to mention an ongoing EPA investigation relating to compliance of those units with the Clean Air Act regulations. It neglected to mention the failure of Schiller Unit 5, that is the wood-fired unit, the failure of that unit with the Compliance Stack Test, a five year Compliance Stack Test that occurred in 2009, which is currently being investigated and the implications of that. Each of those items, as well as many more, represent additional, potential or actual costs, and, in addition, most of these issues are germane directly to the statutory review factors in 378:37, including the assessment of supply options, the environmental, energy, price impacts, and compliance with the Clean Air Act. As we discussed in our Petition to Intervene, CLF's interests in the environmental impacts of

As we discussed in our Petition to

Intervene, CLF's interests in the environmental impacts of

PSNH's supply -- supply options are directly at risk,

based on PSNH's planning and its supply -- its supply

determinations during the LCIRP period. We intend to put

on substantial expert testimony regarding the adequacy of PSNH's planning over the LCIRP planning period, and the implications of the plan, as submitted, with reference to the statutory factors in 378:38.

In addition, this, of course, also includes the demand-side and the extent to which the LCIRP and PSNH's planning adequately address supply opportunities that can be provided by demand response -- or, by demand resources, and further investment in energy efficiency deployment.

Lastly, the question of whether additional analysis related to the prudency of continuing to operate the various units, other than Newington, is something that needs to be addressed in this docket, pursuant to Order 24,945, in DE 07-108.

If you have any questions, we will be pleased to answer them, Madam Commissioner.

CMSR. IGNATIUS: Thank you. Mr. Patch.

MR. PATCH: Thank you. TransCanada does not have a substantive preliminary position in this docket. It's something that we will develop we believe over the course of the docket. We did want to point out, however, that TransCanada recognizes the importance of this docket, which is underscored by the provision in the

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       law, RSA 378:41, that says "Any proceeding before the
       Commission initiated by a utility shall include within the
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       context of the hearing and decision reference to
       conformity of the decision with the Least Cost Integrated
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 5
       Resource Plan most recently filed and found adequate by
 6
       the Commission." That's become crystal clear in some of
 7
       the other dockets of importance to TransCanada, and I
       refer to 09-180, the Energy Service docket last year.
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                         We also believe there's significant
10
       overlap with some of the issues here and some of the other
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       dockets, like the migration docket and reconciliation
       dockets. And, so, we think this is a very important
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13
       docket, but TransCanada does not have a preliminary
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       position, other than it thinks these issues, obviously,
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      need to be investigated thoroughly.
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                         CMSR. IGNATIUS: Thank you.
                                                      Ms. Smith.
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                         MS. SMITH: Good morning. Maureen Smith
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       for Granite Ridge Energy. Granite Ridge does not have a
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       substantive position to take on this docket. However, as
       Attorney Patch just stated, Granite Ridge does recognize
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       the importance of this docket, because it will inform PUC
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       decisions on a variety matters going forward, and provide
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       a road map --
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                         (Court reporter interruption.)
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                         MS. SMITH: -- it will provide a road
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       map for future sources of energy supply. As the owner and
 3
       operator of a 720-megawatt gas-fired power plant in
 4
       Londonderry, New Hampshire, Granite Ridge is particularly
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       interested in issues to be explored on natural gas
       supplies, pricing, reliability, and other factors going
 6
 7
       forward. And, it's in a unique position to test the
       forecasts and assumptions that have been made in the plan
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 9
       on those issues.
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                         And, so, it looks forward to
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       participating in this very important docket and to offer
12
       to the PUC some very important information on natural gas
13
       supply and pricing going forward.
                                          Thank you.
14
                         CMSR. IGNATIUS:
                                          Thank you.
15
       Mr. Cunningham.
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                         MR. CUNNINGHAM: Madam Chair, on behalf
17
       of New Hampshire Sierra Club, Arthur Cunningham.
18
       pending Air Toxic MACT that's due by court order on
       January 11th, 2011 -- or, January 16th, 2011, is going to
19
20
       create -- it's going to be a game-changer for PSNH.
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       They're going to have to deal with toxics, air toxics,
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       including mercury.
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                         Another particular problem that PSNH has
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       that's going to be significantly expensive for them is
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       their problem with NOx. The MK2 boiler has an extremely
      high heat rate, extremely high heat exit rate. And, its
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 3
       uncontrolled NOx emissions are 2.66 pounds per million
       Btus.
              They have been operating -- PSNH has been operating
 4
 5
       since 1998 under a NOx RACT order that requires a
 6
       reduction in NOx to 0.37 pounds per million Btus.
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                         What's going to happen, in terms of the
       Regional Haze Rule and what's going to happen in terms of
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 9
       the Attainment/Nonattainment Designation Rules, is that
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       that NOx RACT order is going to have to be increased.
11
       other words, the emission limits are going to have to be
       significantly more stringent to deal with NOx emissions.
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13
                         For example, we've done a 91-A on the
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       Regional Haze Rule and discovered that PSNH predicts that,
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       to reduce that NOx emission rate from 0.37 million pounds
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       per -- 3.7 -- 0.37 pounds per million Btus will cost them
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      between three and $10,000 a ton to reduce to a 0.34 NOx
18
       RACT order. This creates a problem for them in Regional
19
       Haze. The Regional Haze presumptive rate for NOx
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       emissions is 0.1 pounds per million Btus. So, the
       existing RACT order is four times as high as the existing
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22
      NOx RACT order.
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                         It's going to become even more
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      problematical when DES goes through the
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       Attainment/Nonattainment redesignation.
                                                I'm sure the
 2
       Commissioners are aware that a large part of southern New
 3
       Hampshire is a nonattainment, is a nonattainment for
              Well, NOx, of course, and VOCs are central
 4
       ozone.
 5
       components of ozone. So, and the EPA is under orders or
       past their deadline on redesignation, compliance with the
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 7
       NOx, in southern New Hampshire in the nonattainment area.
       So, that's also going to drive down the NOx RACT order.
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 9
       It's going to be significantly more stringent.
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                         The point here is, is that, given that
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       extremely high cost for PSNH to deal with their NOx
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       problem, that's going to impact rates. And, that's going
13
       to impact rates significantly. And, we wish to address
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       those issues. Ozone, as the Commission is quite aware,
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       I'm sure, is a dangerous health hazard, to asthmatics, to
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       people with respiratory diseases and infections, it causes
       premature death for people with hard disease and lung
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18
       disease.
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                         So, as these standards develop, the
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       costs for PSNH to deal with their NOx problem is going to
21
      be -- create a significant and substantial impact on
22
       rates.
23
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CMSR. IGNATIUS: Thank you.

Mr. Steltzer.

1 MR. STELTZER: Yes. Good morning. Αt 2 this time, the Office of Energy & Planning takes no 3 position on this docket. However, we do recognize the 4 immense importance that this docket has on New Hampshire's 5 environment, the reliability of electricity to the grid, 6 as well as the cost to the ratepayers. And, that's why 7 we're here today. We look forward to being an active 8 9 participant in the docket as it proceeds forward. 10 you. 11 CMSR. IGNATIUS: Thank you. 12 Ms. Hennequin. 13 MS. HENNEQUIN: Thank you. NEPGA is the 14 largest trade association in New England, and we represent 15 electric generating competitive companies. And, here, in 16 New Hampshire, we have five member companies, we represent 17 about 2,600 megawatts, which is about two-thirds of all 18 the generating capacity in the state. 19 Similar to TransCanada and Granite 20 Ridge, we don't have a substantive position at this point. 21 However, we do view this as a significant docket that we 22 believe would be very important for us to be a part of. 23 And, I wanted to make just three very quick points to this

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effect.

First, on the macro level, as others have pointed out, there's many discussions that are going on right now before this Commission on the future of the electric industry and what it's going to look like in this state, 160, 195. We think that this is an important component of that discussion. NEPGA is involved and an active participant in these other documents, and we would desire to be an active participant in this docket as well.

On a more specific level, the Least Cost IRP really is a road map of how PSNH will procure their capacity, their energy, their RECs to serve their default Energy Service customers. And, for our members, as providers of these products, obviously, any of the assumptions, many of the forecasts and the validity of these, obviously, have an impact on our members.

And, finally, the last piece that we have a great interest in this docket is the continued unit operation study for Newington Energy. In the Least Cost, one of the points that was made was a benefit of this -- of this unit is to provide "capacity suppression benefits". I think, as an active -- an active Forward Capacity Market participant, all of our members, this is something that would have an impact on each of our members and would be something that we would find of interest as

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well to be involved in in this discussion.
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                         So, again, I thank you for our
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       consideration, and open to any questions.
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                         CMSR. IGNATIUS: Who are the five
 5
       companies in New Hampshire that are members?
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                         MS. HENNEQUIN:
                                         Sure.
                                                The five
 7
       companies are Brookfield Renewable Power, they own several
       hydro facilities in this state; also GDF Suez, that owns
 8
       two biomass facilities; also NextEra, Seabrook Station,
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10
       out on the Seacoast; then the other Newington Energy, NAEA
11
       Newington Energy; and, finally, Granite Ridge Energy, in
       Londonderry.
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13
                         CMSR. IGNATIUS:
                                          Thank you.
                                                       Ms.
14
       Hatfield.
15
                         MS. HENNEQUIN:
                                         Yes.
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                         CMSR. IGNATIUS: Yes, I'm sorry?
                                         Oh, I thought you had
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                         MS. HENNEQUIN:
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       another question.
                          Sorry.
                         CMSR. IGNATIUS:
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                                          No.
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                         MS. HATFIELD: Thank you. The OCA does
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       not have a position on this docket at this time.
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       intend to engage in discovery to explore many of the
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       issues that have been raised by the other parties,
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       including the potential cost of additional environmental
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requirements on PSNH's fleet, and also issues related to 1 demand-side resources. 2 Thank you. 3 CMSR. IGNATIUS: Mr. Speidel. MR. SPEIDEL: Good morning. Staff would 4 5 like to indicate to the Commission that it will carefully 6 assess the Company's IRP processes, in light of the 7 statutory requirements and Commission Order Number 24,945. Special attention will be given to the Company's 8 9 assessment of demand-side management resources, the 10 determination of the optimal mix of demand-side resources 11 in the resource portfolio, and the continuing unit operating study for Newington Station, among other 12 13 Thank you. matters. 14 Thank you. CMSR. IGNATIUS: 15 anything further on positions? Obviously, Mr. Rodier's 16 clients may have other issues as well, but some of those 17 are laid out in the Petition for Intervention. 18 (No verbal response)

CMSR. IGNATIUS: If not, I think, is there a plan to work on a procedural schedule after this? I see nodding. Good. I think one thing that will be important in this case, as a number of you have pointed out, is there are other dockets that pick up some aspects of this or that interrelate with this. And, finding the

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scope of this docket that doesn't duplicate what's going on in other dockets or try to swallow up what's going on in other dockets would be important. So, to the extent any of you as a group want to think about that and address that in a proposal, that would be fine. If not, I suspect the Commissioners will do so. We are not a substitute for proceedings at the Environmental Services Department of the state, and we don't want to be caught in a position in which we are both trying the same issues or taking other things that are related to what we do, but are not directly under our jurisdiction. So, there are significant environmental issues for this docket, but we have to not end up, in effect, trying those cases in this proceeding at the same time.

Same thing with the migration docket, you know, we've got to find a way that we not duplicate efforts, and all of them relate to each other, but we've got to find an efficient way to keep moving and not let any of them bog down.

So, that's a large challenge, I know.

But, to the extent any of you have views on that, have
thoughts on how to help keep clarity on the planning
process functions of the Long Range Integrated Resource
Plan -- excuse me, Least Cost Integrated Resource Plan,

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       that would be helpful.
                         Unless there is anything else, I will
 2
 3
       take the intervention requests under advisement and await
       a procedural schedule and a report from your meeting.
 4
       Appreciate you being here this morning. Thank you.
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 6
                          (Whereupon the prehearing conference
 7
                         ended at 10:33 a.m., and a technical
 8
                         session was held thereafter.)
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